Table 1. Comparison of geometric means to the Oklahoma Scenic River total phosphorus criterion calculated from 1999-2016¹ and 2012-2016.

	1999-2	2016 (3-m	onth GM'S)	2011-2016 (3-month GM'S)			
			100 100 FOR \$100 P			%	
	N	N<	% Exceeding	N	N<	Exceeding	
Station (see footnotes)	(Period)	0.037	0.037	(Period)	0.037	0.037	
Illinois River near Watts ²	323	11	97%	88	8	91%	
Illinois River near Tahlequah ²	320	23	93%	78	17	78%	
Flint Creek near Kansas ²	314	0	100%	82	0	100%	
Barren Fork near Eldon ²	305	170	44%	74	52	30%	
Little Lee Creek near Nicut ¹	93	91	2%	51	51	0%	
Lee Creek near Short	209	208	<1%	60	60	0%	
Mountain Fork River near Smithville	177	148	16%	50	47	6%	

¹Little Lee Creek near Nicut Period of Record Dataset from 2008-2016 ²Dataset meets USAP data requirements

Table 2. Waters Listed on Oklahoma's 2014 303(d) List

Impaired Waters in the Illinois River Basin

OKWBID	Name	Listed on 303(d) for Impairments			
121700020020	Tenkiller Ferry Lake	Dissolved Oxygen, TP			
121700020110	Chicken Creek	Fish Bioassessment			
121700020220	Tenkiller Ferry Lake, Illinois River Arm	Chlorophyll-a, TP			
121700030010	Illinois River – Tahlequah	TP, Enterococcus			
121700030040	Tahlequah Creek (Town Branch)	Eschericia coli			
121700030080	Illinois River	TP, Lead, Eschericia coli,			
121700030280	Illinois River – Chewey Bridge	TP, Escherichia coli. Turbidity, Enterococcus			
121700030290	Flint Creek	TP, Dissolved Oxygen			
121700030350	Illinois River – Watts	TP, Enterococcus, Escherichia coli			
121700030370	Ballard Creek	Enterococcus			
121700040010	Caney Creek	Enterococcus			
121700050010	Illinois River - Baron Fork	TP, Enterococcus			
121700050090	Tyner Creek	Enterococcus			
121700050120	Peacheater Creek	Enterococcus			
121700060010	Flint Creek	TP,Enterococcus			
121700060040	Battle Creek (Battle Branch)	Enterococcus			
121700060080	Sager Creek	DO, Sedimentation/Siltation, Enterococcus, Macro			

Other Notable Impaired Waters in the Compact Area

Other Retable Imparied Raters in the Compact / Cod							
OKWBID	Name	Silver, Cadmium, Copper, Lead, Selenium, Turbidty					
220100010010	Poteau River (Below Wister)						
220100020020	Wister Lake	Chlorophyll-a, pH, Dissolved Oxygen, Turbidity TP, , listed as an NLW in the OWQS					
220200050010	Lee Creek	Lead, Enterococcus					
220200050040	Little Lee Creek	Lead					

Water Quality Trends at Different Flow Regimes

Trend analyses were performed on total phosphorus concentrations as well as assessment geometric means at four BUMP permanent monitoring stations in the Arkansas River Compact area (Table 1). Using a Seasonal Kendall test, a series of trends was calculated for each station including all total phosphorus data from both 1993-2016 and 1999-2016, total phosphorus concentrations measured at both higher and lower flows from 1999-2016, and use assessment geometric means from 1999-2016. Furthermore, for each concentration data set, a trend was calculated using both unadjusted and flow-adjusted total phosphorus data. Graphical representations of these trends are not presented but may be obtained by contacting Monty Porter with the OWRB at 405-530-8933. Some general conclusions may be drawn from the data set.

- 1. When considering all total phosphorus data with a period of record (POR) beginning in 1993, no station demonstrated a significant upward trend regardless of flow adjusting data. The Barren Fork River demonstrated no significant trend in both flow adjusted and unadjusted data, while Flint Creek did so for unadjusted data.
- 2. When all data from 1999-2016 are analyzed, all stations demonstrate a highly significant downward trend.
- 3. All stations show some significant downward trend when only higher flow total phosphorus concentrations are considered. Unadjusted data from the Barren Fork River show no significant trend in total phosphorus concentrations. All stations demonstrate highly significant downward trends in flow adjusted concentrations.
- 4. When only lower flow data from 1999-2016 are analyzed, all stations except the Barren Fork demonstrate a highly significant downward trend. The Barren Fork shows a slightly or moderately significant downward trend, depending on the flow adjusting of data.
- 5. All stations show a highly significant downward trend for use assessment geometric means. (Figures 1-4).

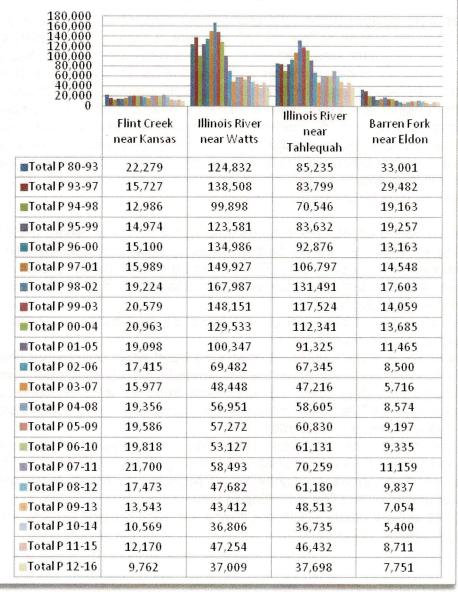
Table 1. Trends calculated for total phosphorus concentrations and use assessment geometric means at certain BUMP permanent monitoring stations in the Compact area. (Boxes shaded in yellow represent changes from the 2013 report, and 2013 results are in superscript.)

	All Data (1993- 2015)		All Data (1999- 2015)		Higher Flow Data (1999-2015)		Lower Flow Data (1999-2015)		Geomtric Mean For Assessment (1999-2015)
Station	Unadj	Flow Adj	Unadj	Flow Adj	Unadj	Flow Adj	Unadj	Flow Adj	Unadj
Illinois River near Watts	111	111	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow^{(\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow)}$	111	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$
Illinois River near Tahlequah	111	111	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow^{(\downarrow\downarrow)}$	111	111	111	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$
Flint Creek near Kansas	$NT^{(\uparrow\uparrow)}$	↓↓(NT)	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow^{(\downarrow)}$	+ ++	+ ++	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$
Barren Fork near Eldon	NT	NT	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	NT	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$	$\downarrow\downarrow\downarrow$

^{↓↓↓ =} Decreasing Trend at the 95% Confidence Level ↓↓ = Decreasing Trend at the 90% Confidence Level ↓ = Decreasing Trend at the 80% Confidence Level ↑↑ = Increasing Trend at the 90% Confidence Level

NT = No Signficant Trend

Oklahoma's Average Annual Total P Loading in Kilograms per Year (excluding targeted high flows)



Values represent all available data, which is routinely collected and excludes targeted high flow events.